Multi-agent reinforcement Learning for modeling electricity markets during the Energy Transition

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Electricity Market Design and Modeling Decarbonization

For a fast and efficient decarbonization during the transition, properly functioning electricity markets are crucial



Considering existing tools for market assessment, Multi-Agent Reinforcement Learning could breach the gap between Agent-Based [11-13] and Partial-Equilibrium models [14-16]



Modeling overview for adequacy considerations. Inspired by the review presented in [17]

Multi-agent Reinforcement Learning (MARL) For Electricity Markets



Implementation using RayLib, an open-source library, ideally suited for distributed computing and multi-agent implementations [18]

Some Results...

Test-bench Information – Based on [20]



2019 Italian Generation Mix and 6 main technologies (*Solar, Wind, Pumped Hydro, Coal, Combined Cycle, and Open Cycle*)



20 Agents with a Herfindahl-Hirschman Index - HHI (Installed Capacity) of 867 compared to 652 reported by ARERA [21]



Historical demand and renewable resource availability in hourly resolution, with some added uncertainty



Hourly auctions, but strategic bidding decisions by agents taken monthly



PPO hyperparameters manually tuned following guidelines from [22-23]





Relevant issues and final comments



How to deal with Model-free algorithms (such as PPO) lacking long-term planning capabilities?



Are Market Equilibriums and Agent's Responses Robust?



Scalability and parameter sharing in competitive environments?



Is MARL improving over existing modeling approaches? Can it complement other models?



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