

Evaluation of sub-sectorial GHGs emissions abatement costs using an open-source energy system optimization model: the Italian case study

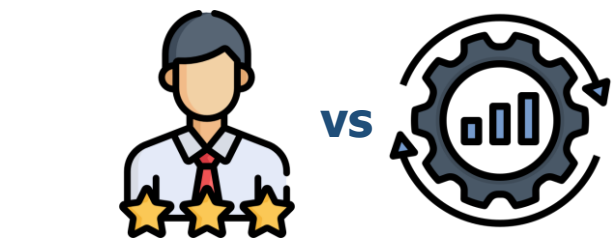
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Research context



Increasing use of cost curves as a decision-making supporting tool



Expert-based vs model-based curves



ESOMs to support policy makers

Aim of the work

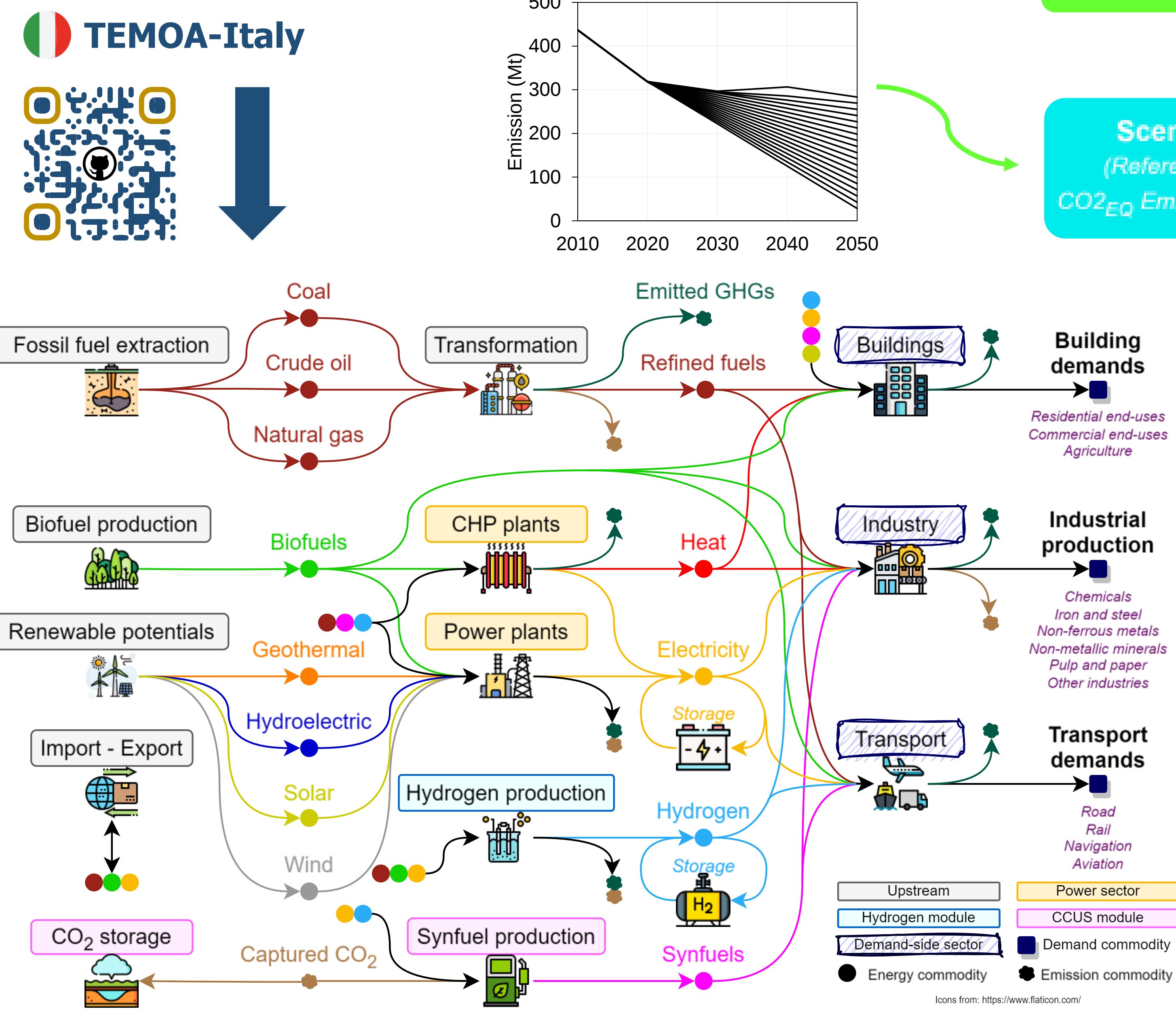
State of the art:

Expert-based analyses
Sectorial analyses

Evaluate the GHGs abatement costs through ESOMs

Marginal Abatement Cost Curve of an emission reduction trajectory on the whole energy system
Average Abatement Cost at sectorial and sub-sectorial level

Methodology



Marginal Abatement Cost (Objective Function)

$$MAC_i^{OF} \left(\frac{\text{€}}{\text{t}} \right) = - \frac{OF_i(\text{€}) - OF_{i-1}(\text{€})}{\left(\sum_y E_y^{CO_2EQ}(t) \right)_i - \left(\sum_y E_y^{CO_2EQ}(t) \right)_{i-1}} \quad (1)$$

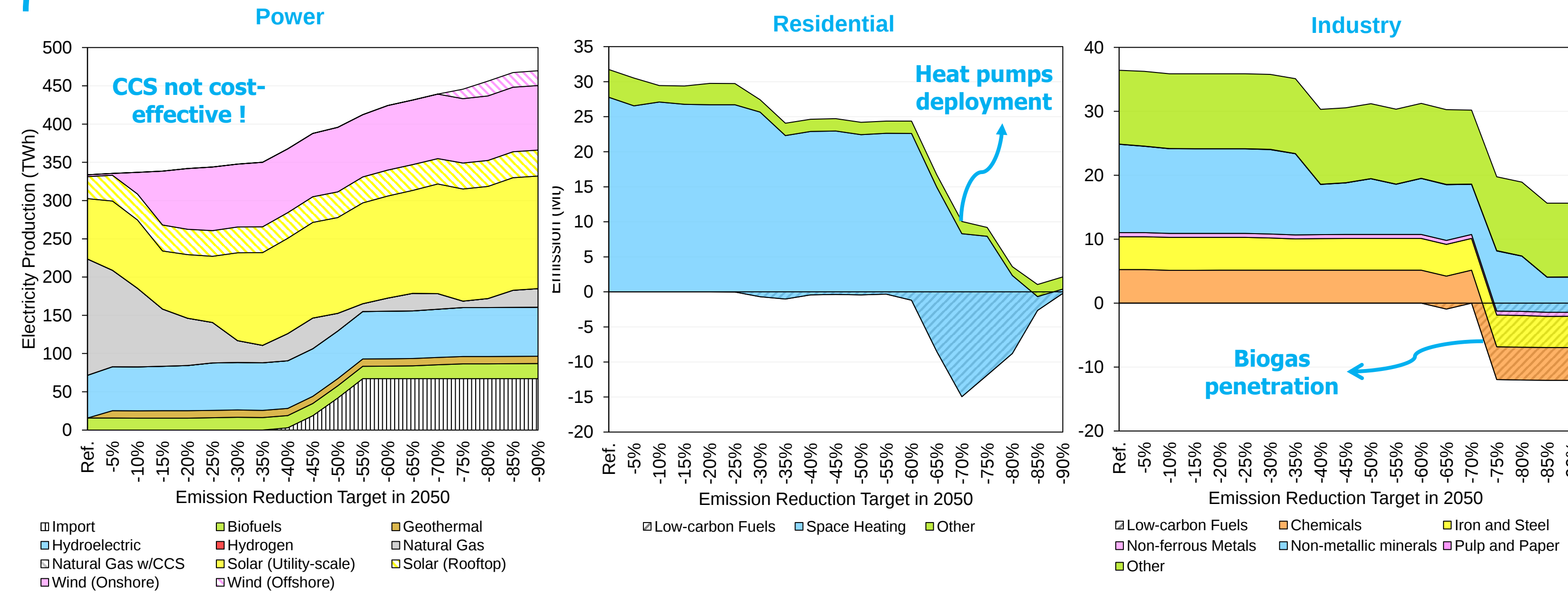
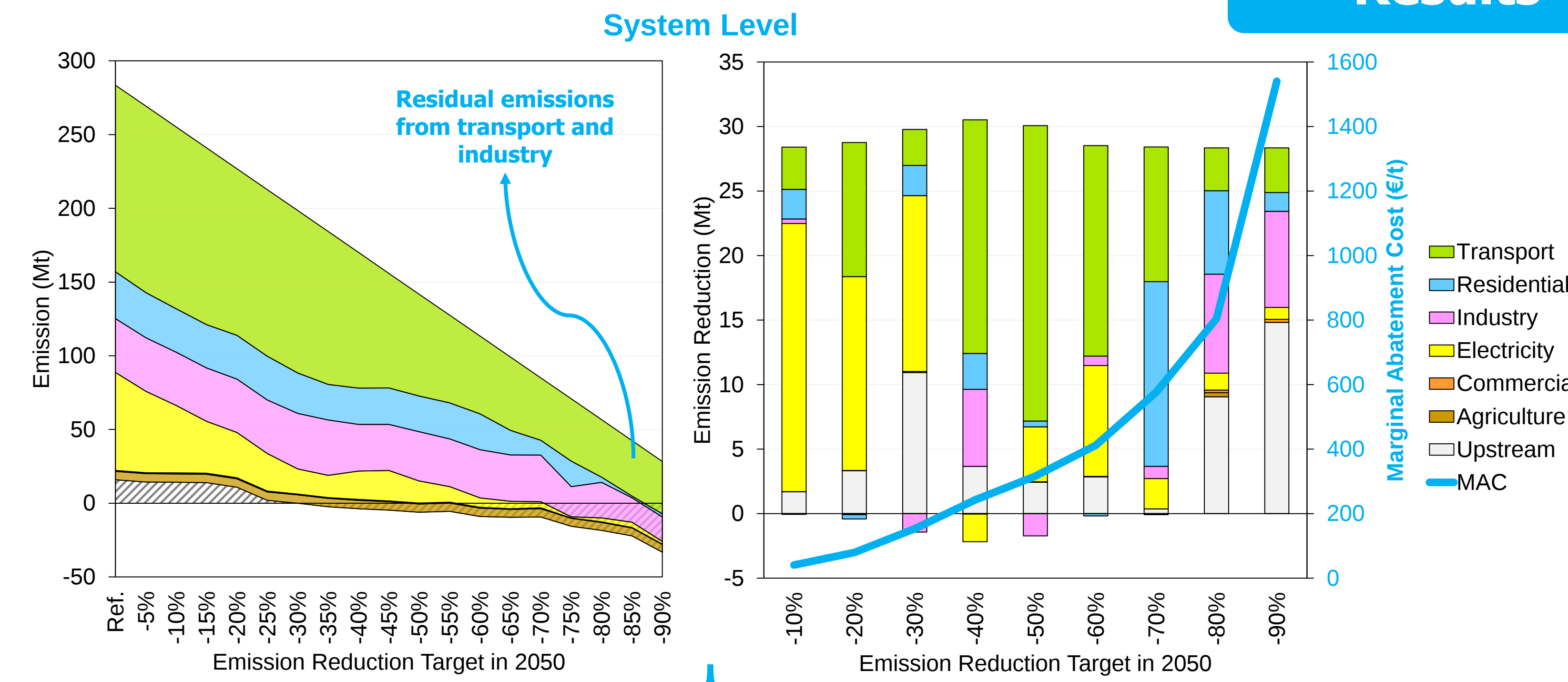
Marginal Abatement Cost (Dual Variable)

$$MAC_i^{DV} \left(\frac{\text{€}}{\text{t}} \right) = - \frac{\sum_y DV_{iy}^{EC} \left(\frac{\text{€}}{\text{t}} \right)}{n_y} \quad (2)$$

Average Abatement Cost (Sectorial)

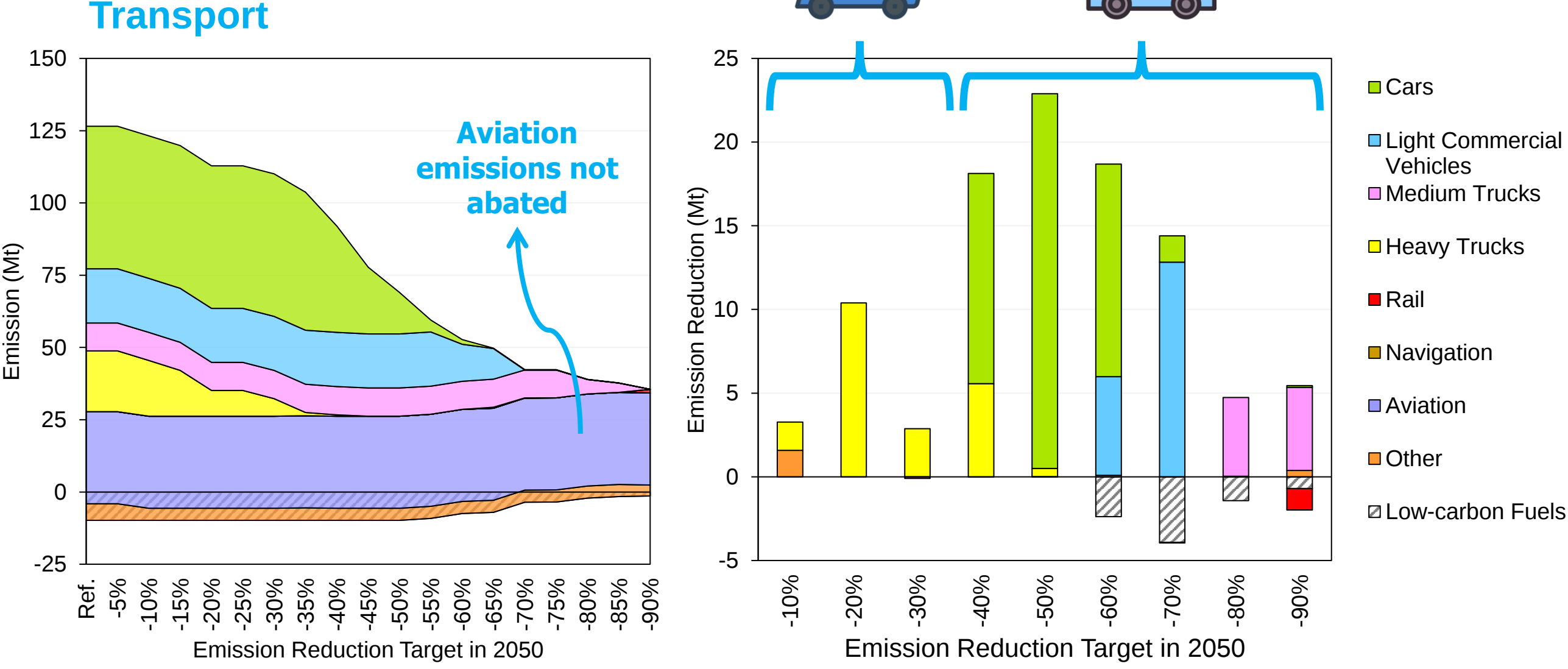
$$AAC_y^S \left(\frac{\text{€}}{\text{t}} \right) = \frac{\sum_{i,y} ER_{iy}^S(t) \cdot MAC_i^{AVG} \left(\frac{\text{€}}{\text{t}} \right)}{\sum_y ER_{CUM,y}^S(t)} \quad (3)$$

Results



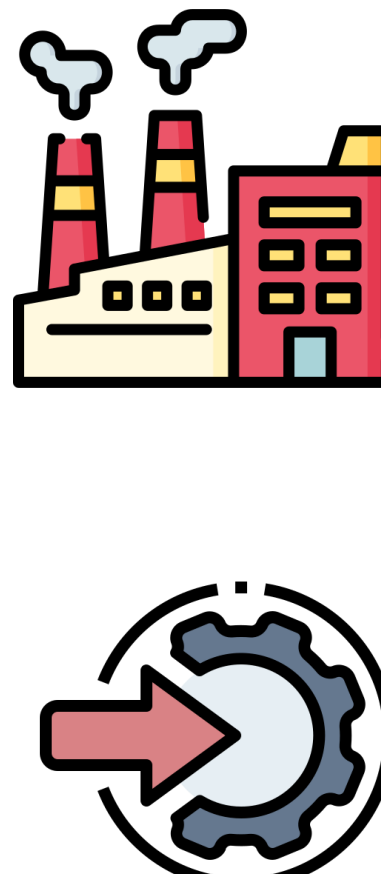
Sector	AAC ₂₀₅₀ (€/t)
Power Sector	173
Residential	600
Industry	618
Upstream	523
Transport	373

- The **cheapest** sector to be decarbonized is the **power sector**
- Highest costs associated with the residential sector** (e.g., boilers substitution with heat pumps) **and the industrial sector** (few subsectors participating to the emission reduction)
- Transport sector is in the middle**, and it accounts for most of the emissions in the reference scenario

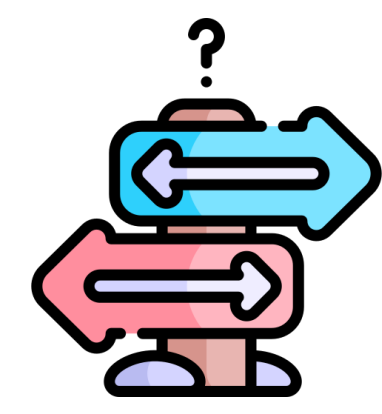


Remarks

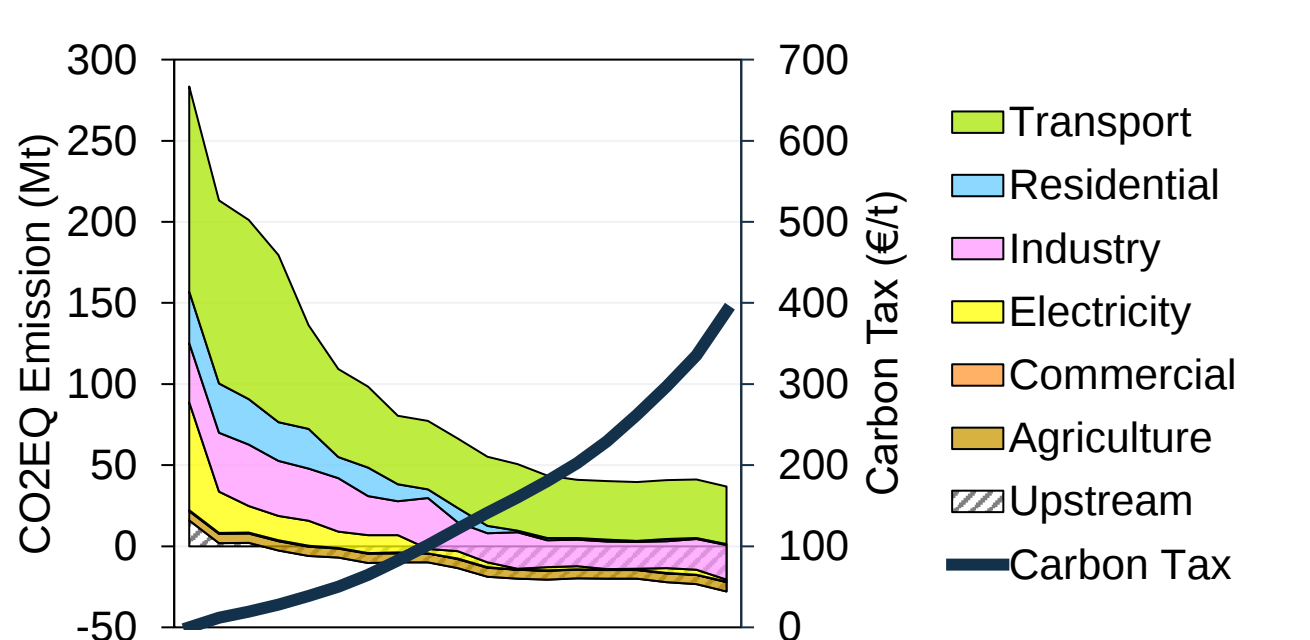
- ❖ Possibility to evaluate MACCs at system and sectorial to get insights on cost-optimal technologies
- ❖ Industry and aviation hard to abate
- ❖ Dependency on some key input data
 - ❖ e.g., CO2 storage potential
 - ❖ e.g., future evolution of innovative technologies features



Perspectives



Uncertainties Assessment



Explore insights on Carbon Tax Levels